

XXXVI Congresso S. O. Si.



VISCOMATERIALE

CON EFFETTO SCAVENGER

VITTORIO PICARDO

Con la collaborazione a

Roma : Marco De Dominicis - Catherina Dominguez - Antonio Messina -
Salvatore Migliore - Tonino Trecina - Patrizia Vincenti

S. Cataldo (CL) : Vincenzo Cannemi - Maria Giovanna Intorre - Edoardo Stagni -
Carla Cuttaia - Maria Teresa Ninotta

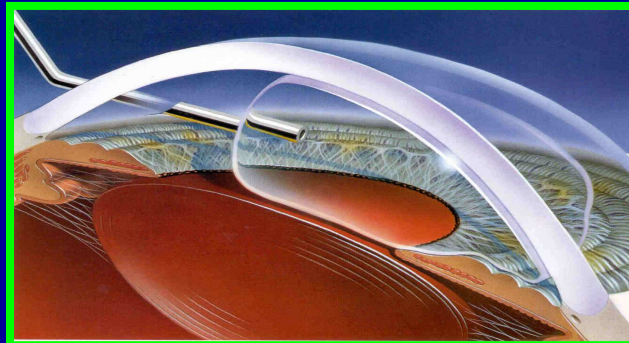
Negli anni 80 / 90 parlavamo di

- **viscomateriale dispersivo adesivo**

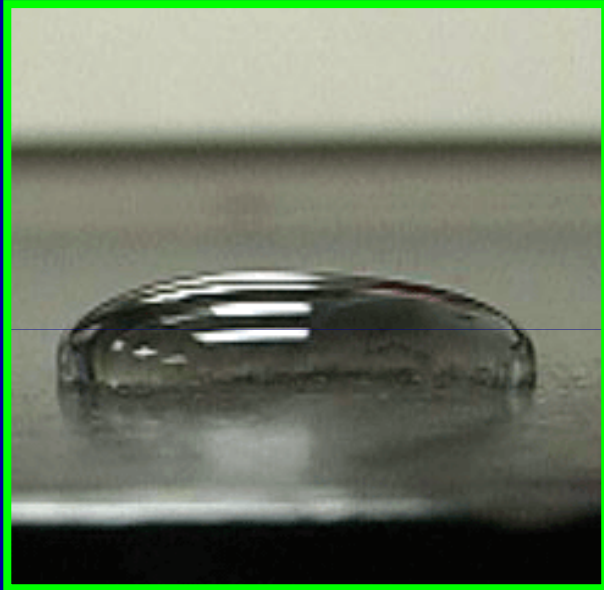
per la I fase (endotelio protezione)

- **viscomateriale coesivo**

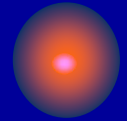
per la II fase e l' impianto della IOL



DISPERSIVI

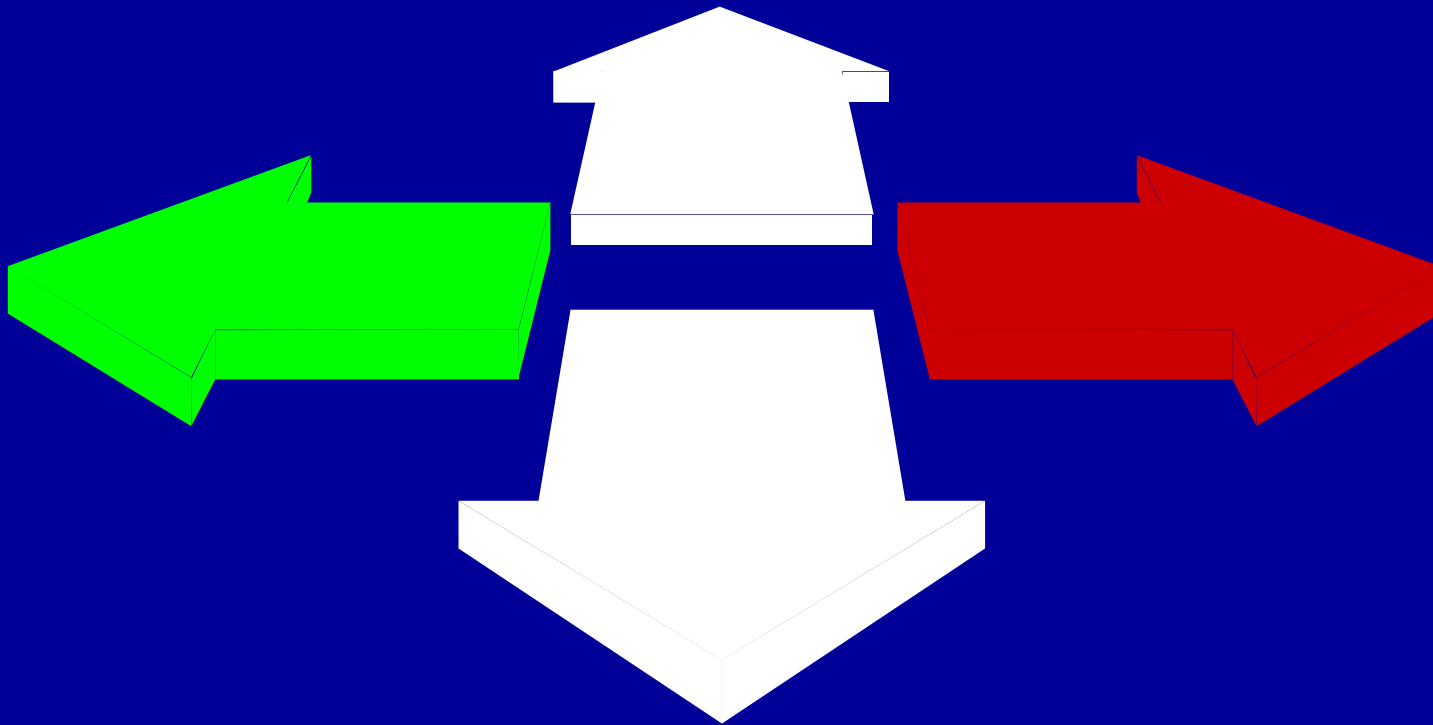


COESIVI



Viscoelastici dispersivi

Tendenza della sostanza
a disperdersi



Viscoelastici dispersivi

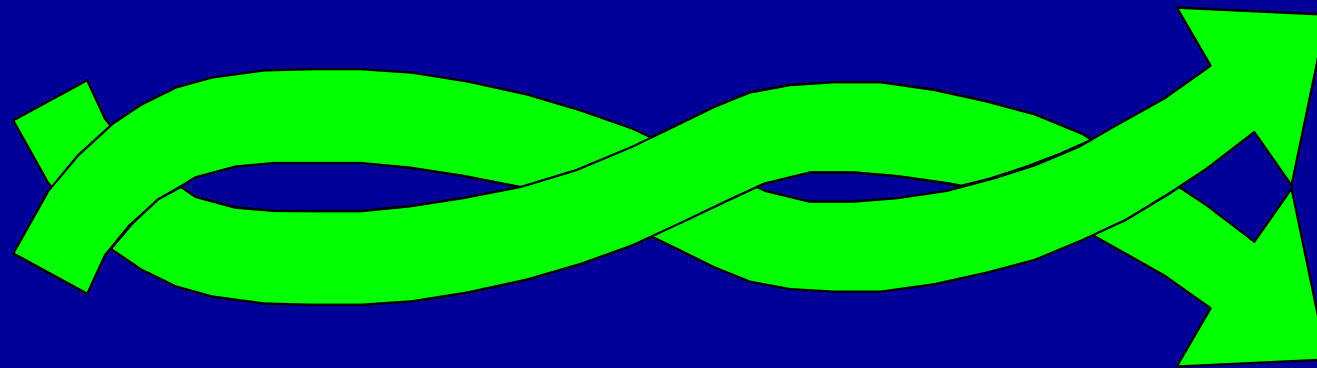
- Le catene molecolari **CORTE**
non rimangono aggregate
- La sostanza si comporta come
unità di **MASSA DISCRETA**



Viscoelastici coesivi



- **Alto peso molecolare (H.M.W.)**
- **Catene molecolari lunghe**

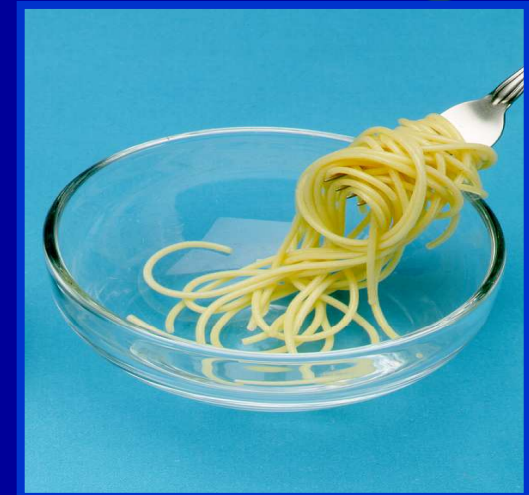


**Mantengono gli spazi
e si rimuovono velocemente**

Viscoelastici coesivi



- Le catene molecolari **LUNGHE**
rimangono tra loro **aggregate**



- La sostanza si muove come una **MASSA UNICA**



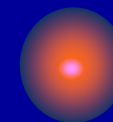
E Antonello Rapisarda

ci parlava di ...

effetto “scavenger”



CHIRURGO



catarattaro



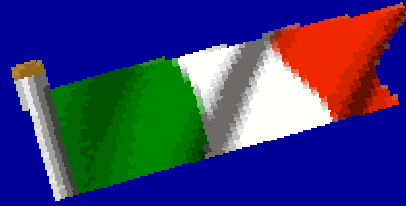


!!!

sano

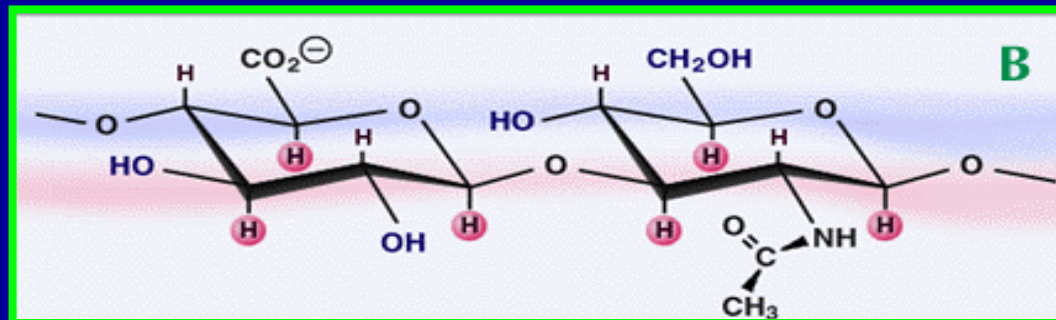


VISIOL® : UN BREVETTO ITALIANO



CARATTERISITICHE

- **Acido ialuronico 2 %**
- **Mannitolo**
- **P. M. 1.6 milioni di Dalton**
- **In siringa da 1 cc con ago da 25 G luer**
- **Viscomateriale coesivo a catena medio - lunga**



Combining hyaluronic acid with mannitol to improve protective properties in an experimental model of free radical damage to the endothelium

José I. Belda, MD, PhD, Alberto Artola, MD, PhD, María D. García-Manzanares, MD, PhD, Consuelo Ferrer, PhD, Hazem E. Haroun, MD, PhD, Ahmed Hassanein, MD, PhD, Vincent Bacyns, PhD, Gonzalo Munoz, MD, PhD, Jorge L. Alió, MD, PhD

Purpose: To evaluate the protective properties of combined sodium hyaluronate 2% and mannitol 0.5% (Visiol) on the corneal endothelium in the presence of oxidative stress induced by H_2O_2 .

Setting: Instituto Oftalmológico de Alicante, Universidad Miguel Hernández, Alicante, Spain.

Methods: This was an exploratory, randomized, controlled, parallel-group, masked-assessor study. Three sodium hyaluronate-based ophthalmic viscosurgical devices (OVDs) (Visiol, Healon, and Viscoat) were tested for protective effects on the endothelium following oxidative stress induced by hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) at increased concentrations: control (lactated Ringer solution), 1 mM, 10 mM, and 100 mM. Groups without OVD were used as controls at the same concentrations of peroxide. Each animal received the same treatment in both eyes (10 eyes per group). Endothelial cell lesion was assessed using the Janus Green photometry absorbance technique.

Results: At 10 mM peroxide concentration, values of endothelial cell lesion was significantly lower in the Visiol (16.8%, $P = .0056$), Healon (22.2%, $P = .0302$), and Viscoat (21.6%, $P = .0336$) groups with respect to the control group (29.4%, no OVD). There was a trend in favor of Visiol to reduce more efficiently cell lesions of the endothelium, compared with Healon ($P = .055$) and Viscoat ($P = .1013$). Values of endothelial cell lesion at peroxide concentrations of 1 mM and 100 mM showed the same trends than those observed at 10 mM.

Conclusions: All of the OVDs tested efficiently reduced lesions to the endothelium against free radicals, compared with the control group in which no OVD was used. The following sequence for the efficacy of endothelial cell protection was established: Visiol > Viscoat > Healon > no OVD.

J Cataract Refract Surg 2005; ■:■-■ © 2005 ASCRS and ESCRS

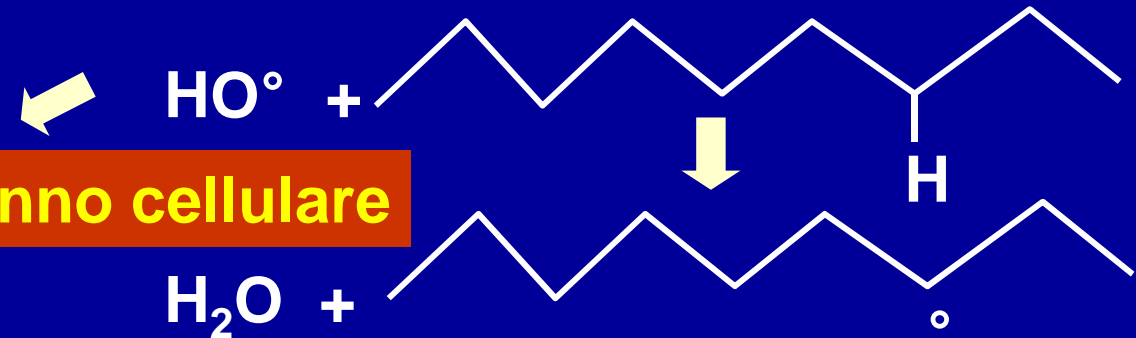
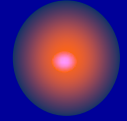
ORIGINE CHIMICA DEI RADICALI LIBERI



In presenza di energia , calore e ossigeno ,
si produce la reazione di Haber - Weiss :



EFFETTO SCAVENGER DEI RADICALI LIBERI



Danno cellulare



**Rottura delle catene
di acido ialuronico**

EFFETTO SCAVENGER DEL MANNITOLE

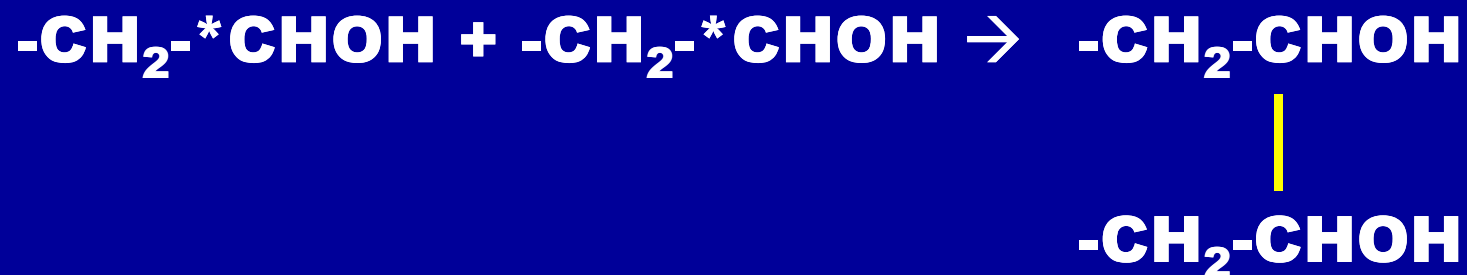


La molecola di **mannitolo** durante la **faco**
acquisisce il **radicale ossidrilico**

(con l'elettrone spaiato prodotto dalla sonolisi dell'acqua)

e lo lega a sé , salvando l'attività della
molecola di **acido ialuronico** che può così
legarsi "stabilmente" alle **cellule endoteliali**

EFFETTO SCAVENGER DEL MANNITOLE



ENDOTELIO + VISCOMATERIALE

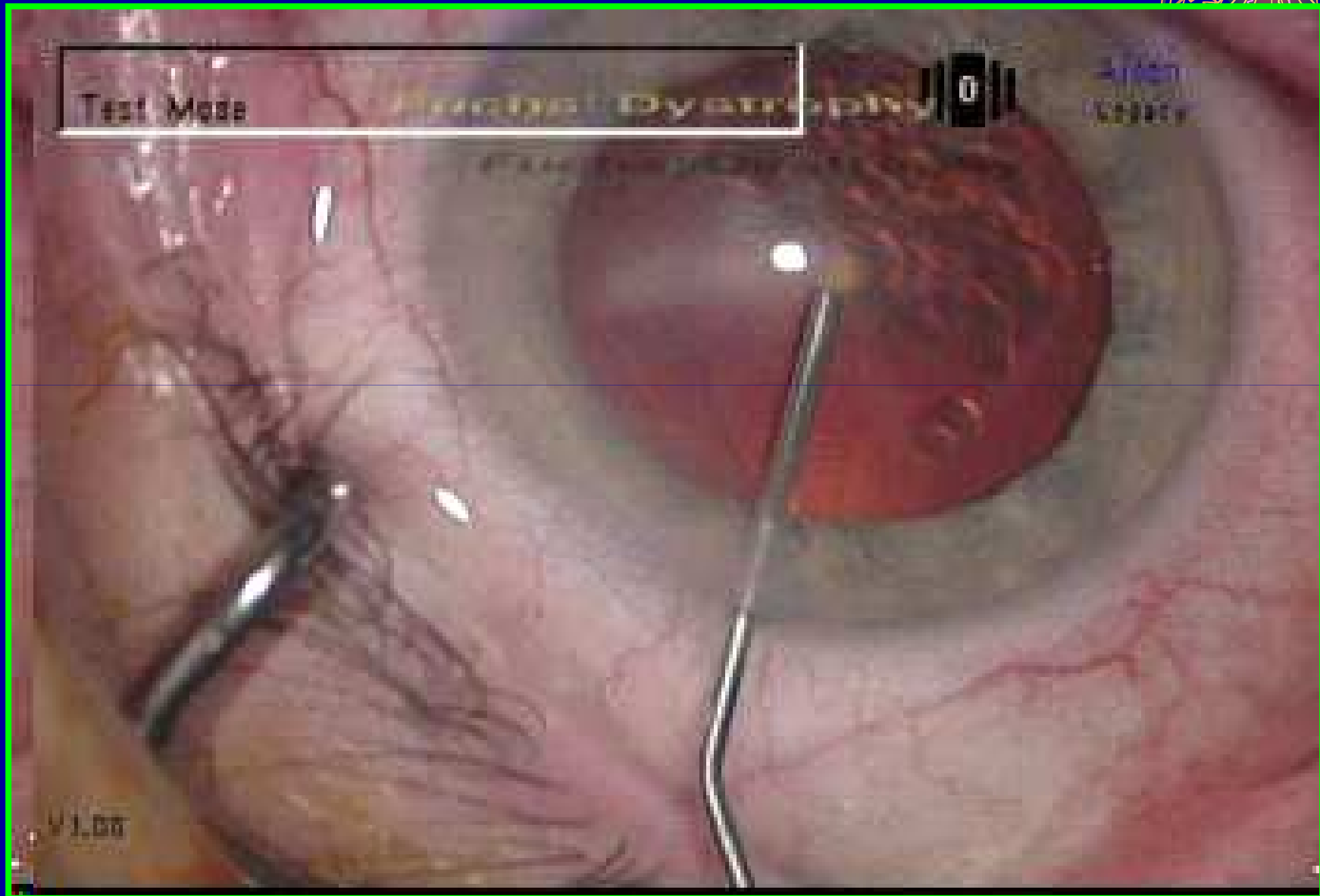
MANNITOLE

SONOLISI

ULTRASUONI



E ... alla fine ... SI PARTE!!!



CASISTICA PERSONALE

(3509 casi consecutivi)

Gennaio 2009 - dicembre 2010

- 918 + 888 faco a Roma
- 736 + 973 faco a San Cataldo (CL)

abbiamo utilizzato di routine **VISIOL**

nel 95 % della casistica,

anche in casi complessi

(pupille strette , PSX , faco trab , ...)



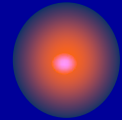
CASISTICA 2009 - 2010



- **0 SCOMPENSI CORNEALI**
- **1% IPERTONO TRANSITORIO A 24 ORE**

(dovuto alla diversa esperienza dei Colleghi Chirurghi)

TECNICA FACO



FACO LAUREATE ALCON SOLO FASE 2

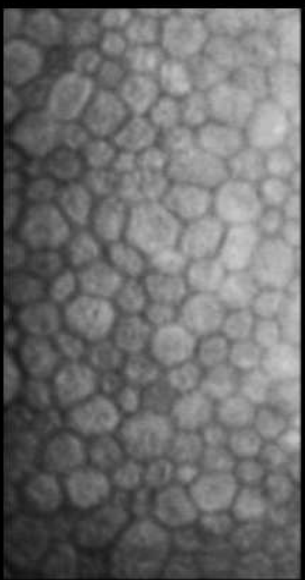
- **US 40 % lineare**
- **Flow rate a seconda delle scelte da 20 a 60 cc / min fisso o lineare**
- **Vacuum 400 mmhg lineare**
- **Bottiglia 80 - 100 cm**
- **Punta 30° microtip flared ABS**
- **Incisione 2.75 mm**

SALVATORE - 11/02/2011 - 05

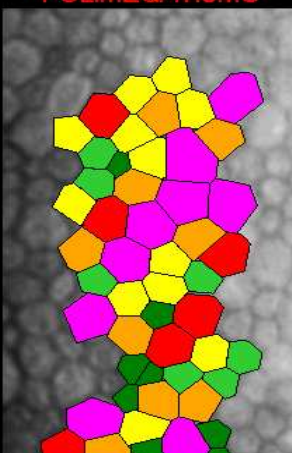
File Modifica Visualizza

50%

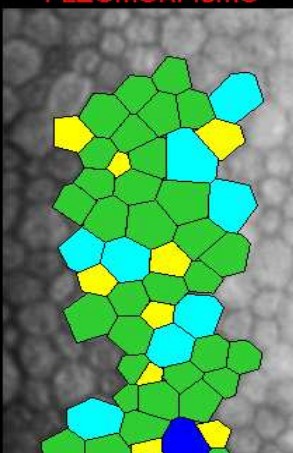
**P
R
E
O
P**



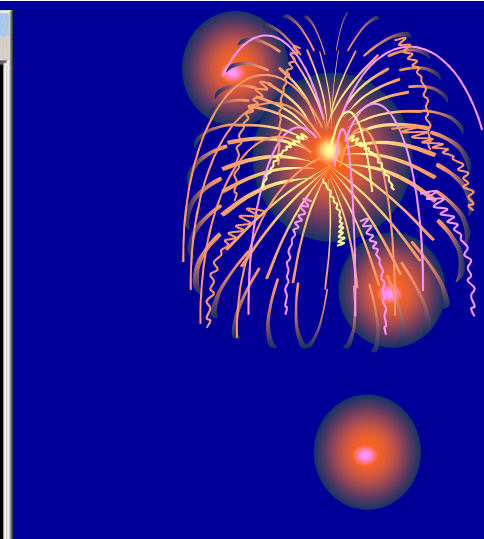
POLIMEGATISMO



PLEOMORFISMO



Area dell'immagine = 0.068 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.029 mm²
 Cellule contate = 60
 SEM = 22.63 μm²
 Densità = 2045 cell/mm²
 Area (media ± SD) = 489 ± 175 μm²
 CV = 0.36
 Hex = 63%
 Spessore = 549 μm

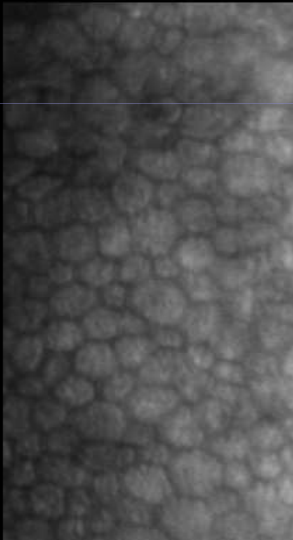


SALVATORE - 12/02/2011 - 05

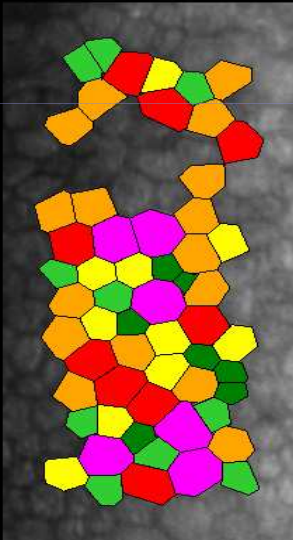
File Modifica Visualizza

50%

POLIMEGATISMO



PLEOMORFISMO

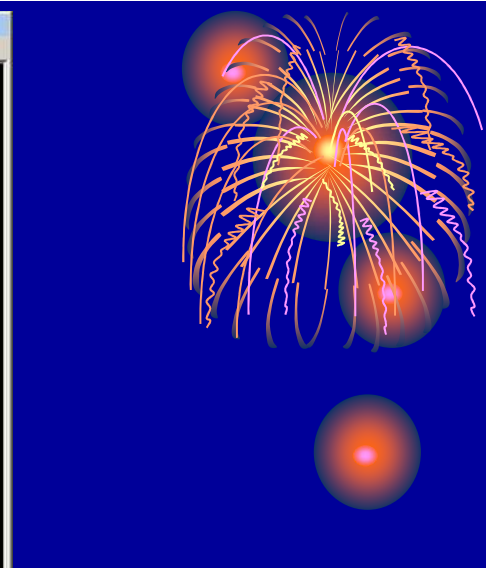
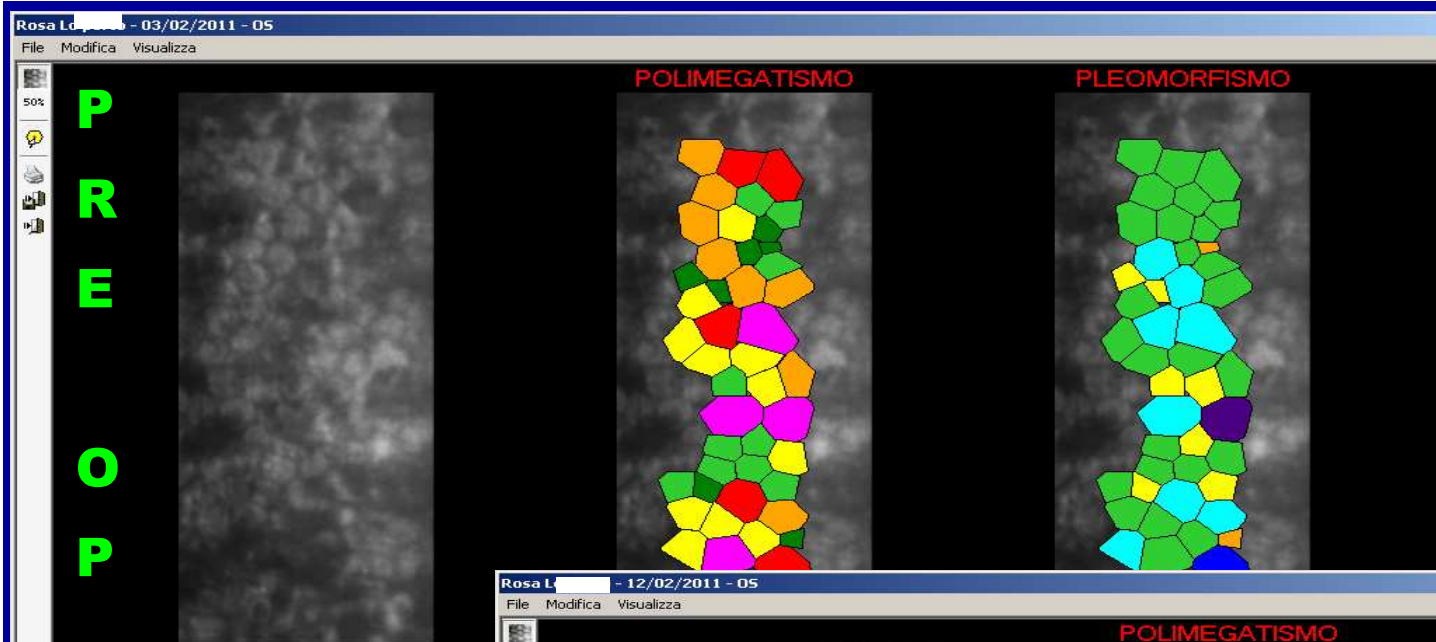


Area dell'immagine = 0.069 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.029 mm²
 Cellule contate = 58
 SEM = 20.43 μm²
 Densità = 2008 cell/mm²
 Area (media ± SD) = 498 ± 156 μm²
 CV = 0.31
 Hex = 47%
 Spessore = 591 μm

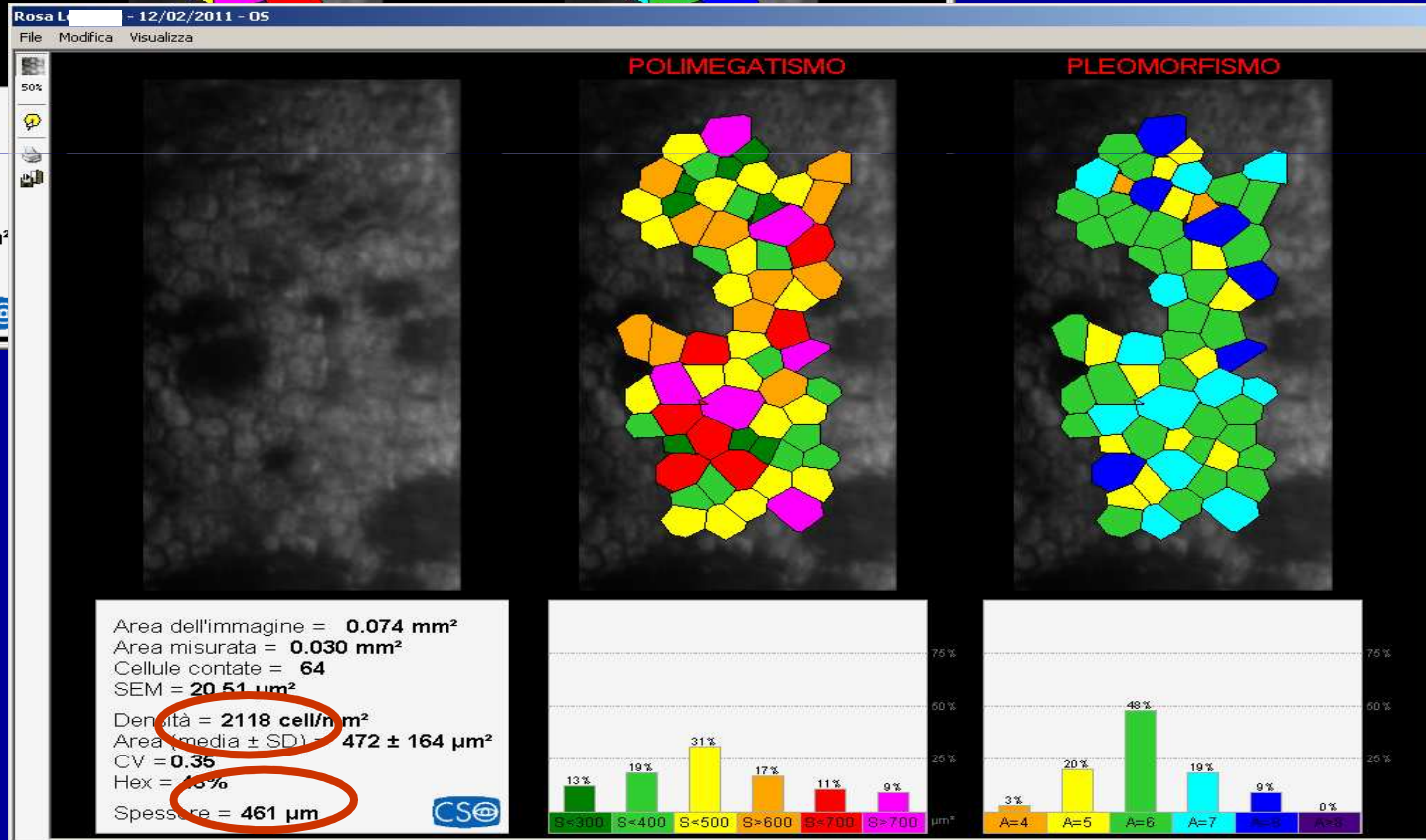
Size Range (S)	Percentage
S=300	12%
S=400	17%
S=500	17%
S=600	28%
S=700	16%
S>700	10%

Area (A)	Percentage
A=4	2%
A=5	26%
A=6	47%
A=7	21%
A=8	5%
A=9	0%

**VISIOL
A 24 ORE**



Area dell'immagine = 0.059 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.021 mm²
 Cellule contate = 45
 SEM = 26.96 μm²
 Densità = **2162 cell/mm²**
 Area (media ± SD) = 462 ± 181 μm²
 CV = 0.39
 Hex = 58%
 Spessore = **459 μm**



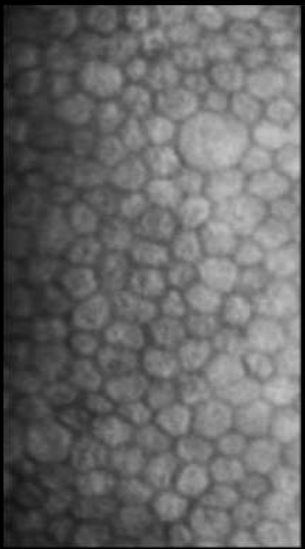
VISIOL
A 9 GIORNI

Giovanni R 01/02/2011 - OD

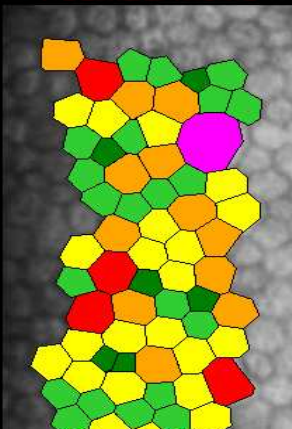
File Modifica Visualizza

50%

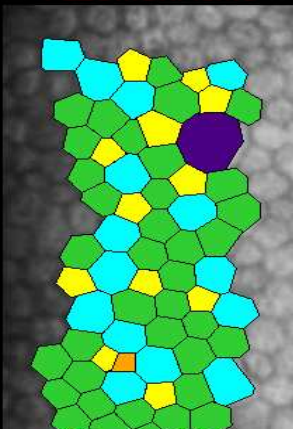
**P
R
E
O
P**



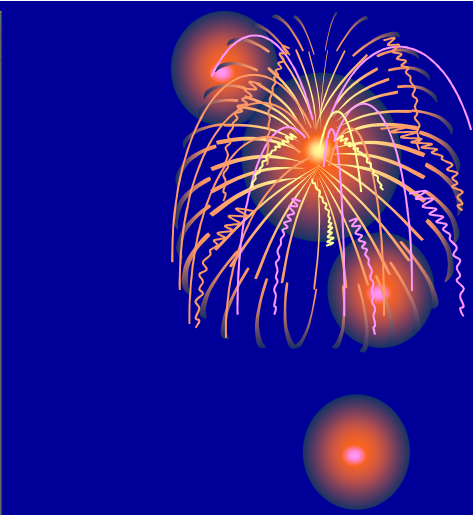
POLIMEGATISMO



PLEOMORFISMO



Area dell'immagine = 0.068 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.033 mm²
 Cellule contate = 74
 SEM = 16.91 μm²
 Densità = **2251 cell/mm²**
 Area (media ± SD) = 44 ± 145 μm²
 CV = 0.33
 Hex = 58%
 Spessore = **463 μm**



VISIOL

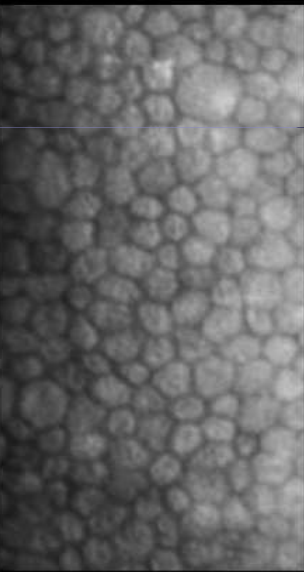
A 22 GIORNI

Giovanni R 23/02/2011 - OD

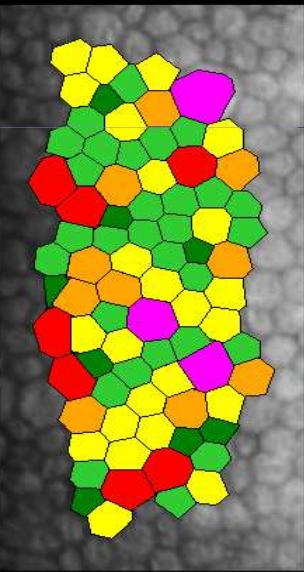
File Modifica Visualizza

50%

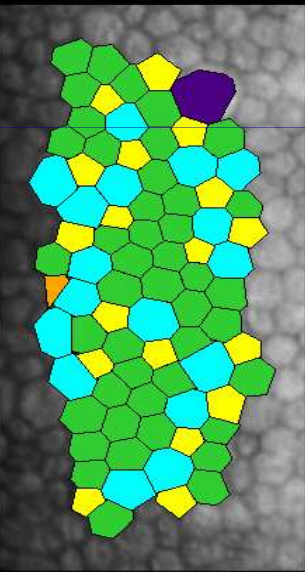
POLIMEGATISMO



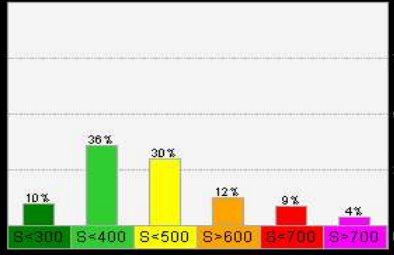
POLIMEGATISMO



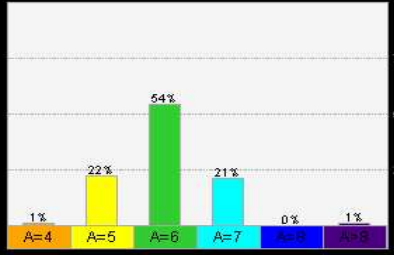
PLEOMORFISMO



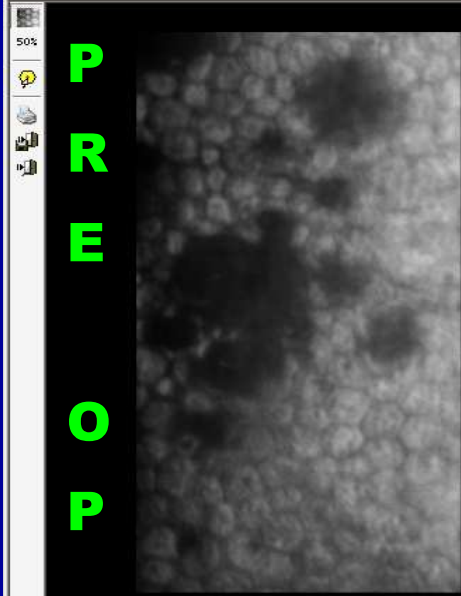
Area dell'immagine = 0.071 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.035 mm²
 Cellule contate = 81
 SEM = 14.81 μm²
 Densità = **2292 cell/mm²**
 Area (media ± SD) = 43 ± 133 μm²
 CV = 0.31
 Hex = 54%
 Spessore = **505 μm**



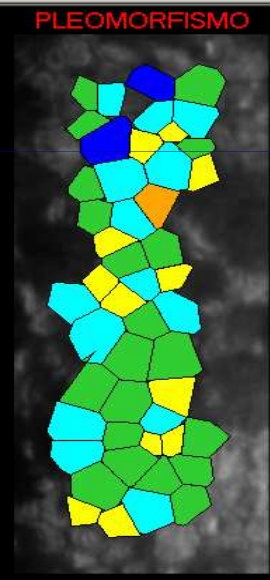
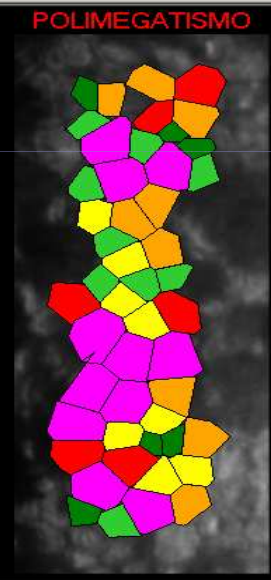
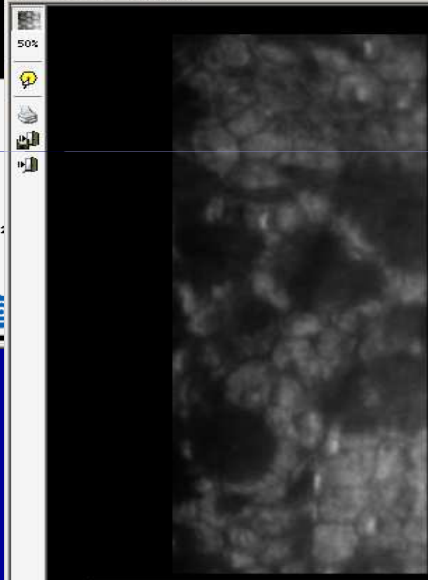
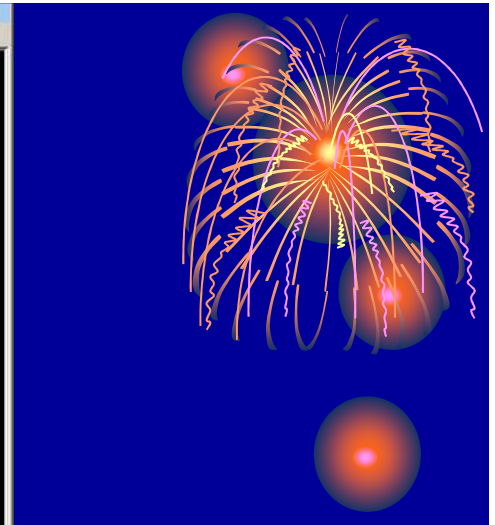
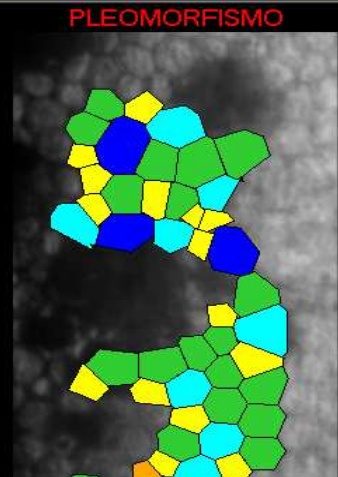
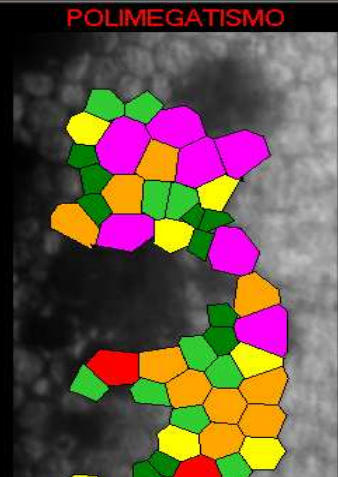
S Range	Percentage
S < 300	10%
S < 400	38%
S < 500	30%
S > 600	12%
S > 700	9%
S > 700	4%



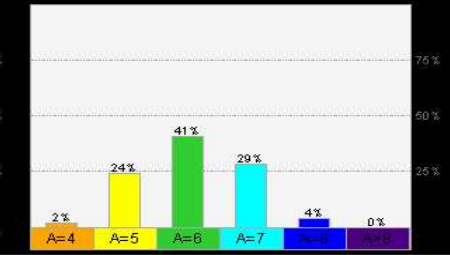
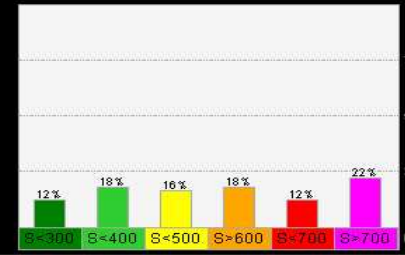
A Range	Percentage
A = 4	1%
A = 5	22%
A = 6	54%
A = 7	21%
A = 8	0%
A = 9	1%



Area dell'immagine = 0.075 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.025 mm²
 Cellule contate = 54
 SEM = 24.29 μm²
 Densità = 2143 cell/mm²
 Area (media ± SD) = 467 ± 179 μm²
 CV = 0.38
 Hex = 44%
 Spessore = 593 μm



Area dell'immagine = 0.059 mm²
 Area misurata = 0.026 mm²
 Cellule contate = 49
 SEM = 28.92 μm²
 Densità = 1911 cell/mm²
 Area (media ± SD) = 523 ± 196 μm²
 CV = 0.37
 Hex = 41%
 Spessore = 533 μm



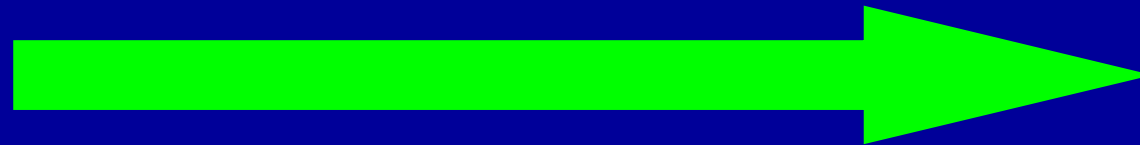
**DISCOVISC
 A 24 ORE**

Pertanto, definiamo la nostra tecnica

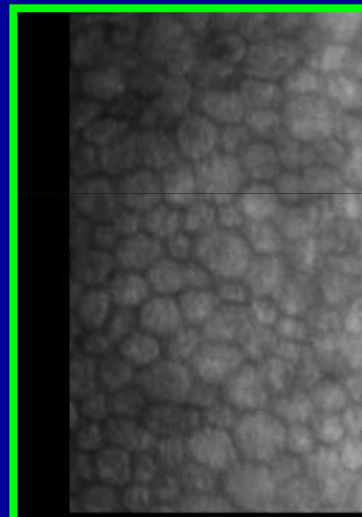
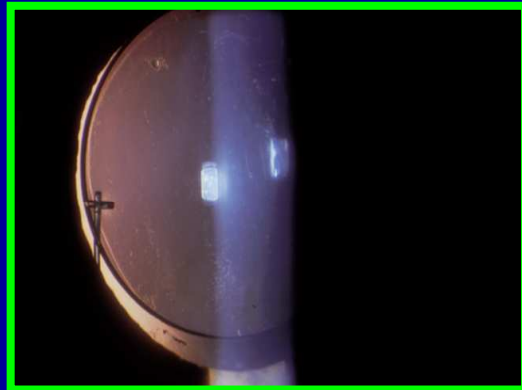
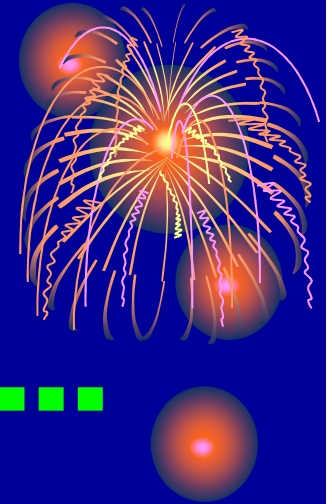


- **Light US**
- **Light BSS cc (media 100 cc / pz)**
- **Light cost , per la giusta scelta
delle varie componenti adoperate**
- **Light risk**

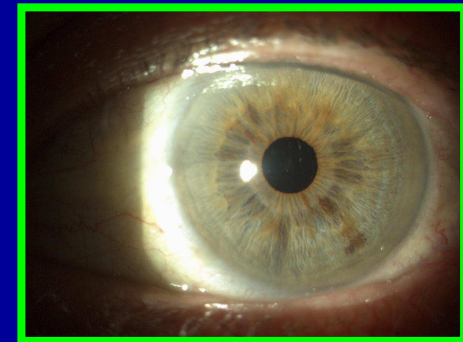
ma . . .



... Per i risultati anatomico – funzionali ...



Area dell'immagine = **0.069 mm²**
Area misurata = **0.029 mm²**
Cellule contate = **58**
SEM = **20.43 μm²**
Densità = **2008 cell/mm²**
Area (media ± SD) = **498 ± 156 μm²**
CV = **0.31**
Hex = **47%**
Spessore = **591 μm**







**HIGH
QUALITY**